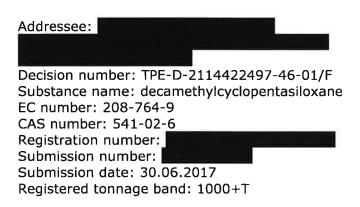


Helsinki, 19 July 2018



DECISION ON A TESTING PROPOSAL

Based on Article 40 of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (the 'REACH Regulation'), ECHA examined your testing proposal(s) and decided as follows.

Your testing proposal is accepted and you are requested to carry out:

1. Effects on soil micro-organisms (Annex IX, Section 9.4.2.; test method: Soil microorganisms: nitrogen transformation test, EU C.21./OECD TG 216) using the registered substance

You may adapt the testing requested above according to the specific rules outlined in Annexes VI to X and/or according to the general rules contained in Annex XI of the REACH Regulation. In order to ensure compliance with the respective information requirement, any such adaptation will need to have a scientific justification, referring and conforming to the appropriate rules in the respective Annex, and an adequate and reliable documentation.

You are required to submit the requested information in an updated registration dossier by **26 April 2019**. You shall also update the chemical safety report, where relevant.

The reasons of this decision are set out in Appendix 1. The procedural history is described in Appendix 2. Advice and further observations are provided in Appendix 3.



Appeal

This decision can be appealed to the Board of Appeal of ECHA within three months of its notification. An appeal, together with the grounds thereof, shall be submitted to ECHA in writing. An appeal has suspensive effect and is subject to a fee. Further details are described under http://echa.europa.eu/regulations/appeals.

Authorised¹ by Ofelia Bercaru, Head of Unit, Evaluation E3

 $^{^1}$ As this is an electronic document, it is not physically signed. This communication has been approved according to ECHA's internal decision-approval process.



Appendix 1: Reasons

The decision of ECHA is based on the examination of the testing proposal(s) submitted by you.

1. Effects on soil micro-organisms (Annex IX, Section 9.4.2.)

Pursuant to Article 40(3)(a) of the REACH Regulation, ECHA may require the Registrant to carry out the proposed test.

"Effects on terrestrial organisms" is a standard information requirement as laid down in Annex IX, Section 9.4. of the REACH Regulation. The Registrant must address the standard information requirements set out in Annex IX, Section 9.4., for different taxonomic groups: short-term toxicity testing on invertebrates (Annex IX, Section 9.4.1.), effects on soil microorganisms (Annex IX, Section 9.4.2.), and short-term toxicity testing on plants (Annex IX, Section 9.4.3.).

The information on "effects on soil micro-organisms" is not available for the registered substance but needs to be present in the technical dossier to meet the information requirements. Consequently there is an information gap and it is necessary to provide information for this endpoint.

You have submitted a testing proposal to study the effects on soil micro-organisms (*Soil Microorganisms: Nitrogen Transformation Test*, OECD TG 216) with the following justification: "A soil microorganisms study is planned for the related test substance decamethylcyclopentasiloxane (CAS 541-02-6; EC 208-764-9). Should no toxicity be observed in this test, no further microbial assays will be proposed".

In your technical dossier you consider further that "*Effects on soil microorganisms are not anticipated*", but at the same consider it necessary to carry out a study on soil species as further validation of this hypothesis. ECHA notes that you have proposed the study to be carried out on the registered substance.

To address this endpoint, either a nitrogen transformation test (test method: EU C.21/OECD TG 216) or a carbon transformation test (test method: EU C.22/OECD TG 217) could be performed. According to Section R.7.11.3.1, Chapter R.7c of the ECHA *Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment* (version 3.0, June 2017), ECHA considers the nitrogen transformation test (EU C.21/OECD TG 216) suitable for non-agrochemicals. For agrochemicals the carbon transformation test (EU: C.22/OECD TG 217) is also required. ECHA notes that no agrochemical uses have been identified for the registered substance.

Therefore, pursuant to Article 40(3)(c) of the REACH Regulation, you are requested to carry out the following test using the registered substance: Soil microorganisms: nitrogen transformation test, EU C.21/OECD TG 216.



Appendix 2: Procedural history

ECHA received your registration containing the testing proposal(s) for examination pursuant to Article 40(1) on 1 December 2015.

The decision making followed the procedure of Articles 50 and 51 of the REACH Regulation, as described below:

ECHA notified you of the draft decision and invited you to provide comments.

You were notified that the draft decision does not take into account any updates after 06 July 2016, 30 calendar days after the end of the commenting period. However, following your request and justification provided (including interlinked read-across testing strategy on several supposedly related registered substances) ECHA has exceptionally granted you additional time until 30 June 2017 for the update.

You updated your registration dossier on 05 April 2017 (submission number **accesses**) and again on 30 June 2017 (submission number **accesses**). In the updated dossiers, you did not modify the testing proposal. ECHA notes that any updates submitted after the extended deadline of 30 June 2017 have not been considered for this decision.

ECHA took your comments into account, and did not amend the draft decision.

ECHA notified the draft decision to the competent authorities of the Member States for proposals for amendment.

As no amendments were proposed, ECHA took the decision according to Article 51(3) of the REACH Regulation.



Appendix 3: Further information, observations and technical guidance

- 1. This decision does not imply that the information provided in your registration dossier is in compliance with the REACH requirements. The decision does not prevent ECHA from initiating a compliance check on the registration at a later stage.
- 2. Failure to comply with the request(s) in this decision, or to fulfil otherwise the information requirement(s) with a valid and documented adaptation, will result in a notification to the Enforcement Authorities of the Member States.
- 3. In relation to the information required by the present decision, the sample of the substance used for the new test(s) must be suitable for use by all the joint registrants. Hence, the sample should have a composition that is suitable to fulfil the information requirement for the range of substance compositions manufactured or imported by the joint registrants. It is the responsibility of all joint registrants who manufacture or import the same substance to agree on the appropriate composition of the test material and to document the necessary information on their substance composition. In addition, it is important to ensure that the particular sample of the substance tested in the new test(s) is appropriate to assess the properties of the registered substance, taking into account any variation in the composition of the technical grade of the substance as actually manufactured or imported by each registrant. If the registration of the substance by any registrant covers different grades, the sample used for the new test(s) must be suitable to assess these grades. Finally there must be adequate information on substance identity for the sample tested and the grade(s) registered to enable the relevance of the test(s) to be assessed.