# Justification for the selection of a substance for CoRAP inclusion

Substance Name (Public Name):	3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8- tridecafluorooctyl acrylate
Chemical Group:	
EC Number:	241-527-8
CAS Number:	17527-29-6
Submitted by:	Germany
Date:	17/03/2015

Note

This document has been prepared by the evaluating Member State given in the CoRAP update.

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## **1 IDENTITY OF THE SUBSTANCE**

### **1.1 Other identifiers of the substance**

EC name:	3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8-tridecafluorooctyl acrylate
IUPAC name:	3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8-tridecafluorooctyl acrylate
Index number in Annex VI of the CLP Regulation	
Molecular formula:	$C_{11}H_7F_{13}O_2$
Molecular weight or molecular weight range:	418.1513 g·mol <sup>-1</sup>
Synonyms/Trade names:	2-Propenoic acid, 3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8- tridecafluorooctyl ester 6:2 FTA

#### **Table 1: Substance identity**

**Type of substance** Mono-constituent Multi-constituent UVCB

Structural formula:

 $F \xrightarrow{F} F \xrightarrow{F} F \xrightarrow{F} F \xrightarrow{F} O$ 

### 1.2 Similar substances/grouping possibilities None.

### 2 CLASSIFICATION AND LABELLING

### **2.1 Harmonised Classification in Annex VI of the CLP**

The substance is not listed in Annex VI of the CLP regulation.

### 2.2 Self classification

• In the registration:

Not classified

• The following hazard classes are in addition notified among the aggregated self classifications in the C&L Inventory:

STOT SE 3 H335 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Eye Irrit. 2 H319

# 2.3 Proposal for Harmonised Classification in Annex VI of the CLP

No proposal for harmonised classification is publically available.

### **3 INFORMATION ON AGGREGATED TONNAGE AND USES**

From ECHA dissemination site					
🗌 1 – 10 tpa	1 – 10 tpa			🖾 100 – 1000 tpa	
🗌 1000 – 10,000 tpa		□ 10,000 - 100,	000 tpa	🗌 100,000 – 1,000,000 tpa	
□ 1,000,000 - 10,000,000 tpa □ 10,000,000 - 100,000,000 tpa			□ > 100,000,000 tpa		
□ <1 >+ tpa (e.g. 10+ ; 100+ ; 10,000+ tpa) □ Confidential					
🛛 Industrial use	Profe	essional use		1	Closed System
The substance is used in industrial settings in the manufacture of polymers.					

### 4 OTHER COMPLETED/ONGOING REGULATORY PROCESSES THAT MAY AFFECT SUITABILITY FOR SUBSTANCE EVALUATION

Compliance check, Final decision	Dangerous substances Directive 67/548/EEC
Testing proposal	Existing Substances Regulation 793/93/EEC
Annex VI (CLP)	Plant Protection Products Regulation 91/414/EEC
Annex XV (SVHC)	Biocidal Products Directive 98/8/EEC ; Biocidal Product Regulation (Regulation (EU) 528/2012)
Annex XIV (Authorisation)	Other (provide further details below)
Annex XVII (Restriction)	

### 5 JUSTIFICATION FOR THE SELECTION OF THE CANDIDATE CORAP SUBSTANCE

### 5.1 Legal basis for the proposal

- $\boxtimes$  Article 44(2) (refined prioritisation criteria for substance evaluation)
- Article 45(5) (Member State priority)

### 5.2 Selection criteria met (why the substance qualifies for being in CoRAP)

- □ Fulfils criteria as CMR/ Suspected CMR
- Fulfils criteria as Sensitiser/ Suspected sensitiser
- Fulfils criteria as potential endocrine disrupter
- Suspected PBT/vPvB / Suspected PBT/vPvB
- $\Box$  Fulfils criteria high (aggregated) tonnage (*tpa* > 1000)
- ⊠ Fulfils exposure criteria
- □ Fulfils MS's (national) priorities

### 5.3 Initial grounds for concern to be clarified under Substance Evaluation

Hazard based concerns				
CMR	Suspected CMR <sup>1</sup>	Potential endocrine disruptor		
Sensitiser	Suspected Sensitiser <sup>1</sup>			
D PBT/vPvB	Suspected PBT/vPvB <sup>1</sup>	Other (please specify below)		
Exposure/risk based concer	'ns			
☑ Wide dispersive use □ Consumer use		Exposure of sensitive populations		
Exposure of environment	Exposure of workers	Cumulative exposure		
High RCR	High (aggregated) tonnage	Other (please specify below)		
3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8-tridecafluorooctyl acrylate (6:2 FtA) is an alternative for perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA, C8-perfluorocarboxylic acid (C8-PFCA)) related substances, which have been proposed for restriction (Oct 2014), therefore increasing use and production of alternatives is expected. Thus, environmental exposure might increase in the future.				
The intrinsic properties of 6:2 FtA may be of concern. 6:2 FtA is stated to be not readily biodegradable. Nevertheless, it is expected that perfluorohexanic acid (PFHxA) will be the final degradation product. Log P(OW) >4.5 indicates a potential for bioaccumulation. Bioconcentrations factors (BCFs) $\leq$ 34 are reported for 6:2 FtA, indicating no bioaccumulation. Fo the assessment of the bioaccumulation potential additional information (e.g. protein binding potential) may be required, since other mechanisms for bioaccumulation than log Kow and BCF are of relevance for these per- and polyfluorinated substances. No information on chronic toxicity are available. In addition PFHxA is expected to have a high mobility in the environment, which also needs to				

be assessed, e.g. in terms of its potential for long-range transport.

### **5.4 Preliminary indication of information that may need to be requested to clarify the concern**

Information on toxicological properties	Information on physico-chemical properties
igtimes Information on fate and behaviour	$oxedsymbol{\boxtimes}$ Information on exposure
Information on ecotoxicological properties	Information on uses
Information ED potential	Other (provide further details below)

<sup>1</sup> <u>CMR/Sensitiser</u>: known carcinogenic and/or mutagenic and/or reprotoxic properties/known sensitising properties (according to CLP harmonized or registrant self-classification or CLP Inventory) <u>Suspected CMR/Suspected sensitiser</u>: suspected carcinogenic and/or mutagenic and/or reprotoxic

properties/suspected sensitising properties (not classified according to CLP harmonized or registrant selfclassification)

Suspected PBT: Potentially Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

Uses, exposure, toxicological properties and ED potential were not targeted in the manual screening but might be part of the substance evaluation.

Based on a preliminary examination of the available data, information to assess the bioaccumulation potential and the ecotoxicity are required.

In detail, a test on long-term ecotoxicity of 6:2 FtA might be requested because of so far missing chronic data.

Additionally, a detailed evaluation of the available data may lead to further information requirements.

### 5.5 Potential follow-up and link to risk management

Harmonised C&L	Restriction	Authorisation	Other (provide further details)		
Depending on the outcome of the substance evaluation, an analysis of Risk Management Options shall be carried out to identify appropriate risk management measures.					