Justification for the selection of a substance for CoRAP inclusion

- UPDATE -

Substance Name (Public Name): Silver

Chemical Group:

EC Number: 231-131-3

CAS Number: 7440-22-4

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Note

This document has been prepared by the evaluating Member State given in the CoRAP update.

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1 IDENTITY OF THE SUBSTANCE

1.1 Other identifiers of the substance

Table 1: Substance identity

EC name:	Silver				
IUPAC name:	Silver				
Index number in Annex VI of the CLP Regulation	Not applicable				
Molecular formula:	Ag				
Molecular weight or molecular weight range:	107.87				
Synonyms/Trade names:					
Type of substance					
1.2 Similar substances/grouping possibilities					
Not applicable					
Structural formula:					
[Ag]					

2 CLASSIFICATION AND LABELLING

2.1 Harmonised Classification in Annex VI of the CLP

None

2.2 Self-classification

• In the registration

The lead Registrant includes the following classifications:

Silver >= 99,9 % Ag in powder form (< 1 mm) - classified for environment

- Aquatic Acute 1 H400: Very toxic to aquatic life. (M-factor = 1)
- Aquatic Chronic 1 H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. (M-factor = 10).

Silver < 99,9% Ag in powder form (< 1 mm) with no classified impurities - classified for environment

- Aquatic Acute 1 H400: Very toxic to aquatic life. (M-factor = 1)
- Aquatic Chronic 1 H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. (M-factor = 10).
- The following hazard classes are in addition notified among the aggregated selfclassifications in the C&L Inventory:
 - Aquatic Acute 1 H400 / Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 (M-factor = 1000).
 - Aquatic Acute 1 H400 / Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 (C ≥ 0,025%).
 - Skin Sens. 1; H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
 - Skin Irrit. 2; H315: Causes skin irritation.
 - Eye Irrit. 2; H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
 - STOT SE 1; H370: Causes damage to respiratory system (inhalation).
 - STOT SE 3; H335: May cause respiratory irritation.
 - STOT RE 1; H372: Causes damage to eye, respiratory system (inhalation).
 - Acute Tox. 4: H332: Harmful if inhaled.

2.3 Proposal for Harmonised Classification in Annex VI of the CLP

Not applicable

3 INFORMATION ON AGGREGATED TONNAGE AND USES

From ECHA dissemination site							
☐ 1 – 10 tpa		☐ 10 – 100 tpa		☐ 100 – 1000 tpa			
☐ 1000 – 10,000 tpa		□ 10,000 – 10	0,000 tpa	⊠ 10	00,000 – 1,000,000 tpa		
☐ 1,000,000 – 10,000,0	000 tpa	10,000,000	- 100,000,000 tpa	☐ > 100,000,000 tpa			
☐ <1 >+ tpa (e.g. 10+; 100+; 10,000+ tpa) ☐ Confidential					onfidential		
		essional use	⊠ Consumer use		☐ Closed System		
4 JUSTIFICATIO	N FOR	THE SELEC	CTION OF THE	E CA	NDIDATE CORAP		
SUBSTANCE							
4.1 Legal basis for the proposal							
☐ Article 44(2) (refined prioritisation criteria for substance evaluation)							
☐ Article 45(5) (Member State priority)							
4.2 Selection criteria met (why the substance qualifies for being in CoRAP)							
☐ Fulfils criteria as CMR/ Suspected CMR							
☐ Fulfils criteria as Sensitiser/ Suspected sensitiser							
Fulfils criteria as potential endocrine disrupter							
Fulfils criteria as PBT/vPvB / Suspected PBT/vPvB							
\square Fulfils criteria high (aggregated) tonnage ($tpa > 1000$)							
☐ Fulfils exposure criteria							
	⊠ Fulfils MS's (national) priorities						

4.3 Initial grounds for concern to be clarified under Substance **Evaluation**

Hazard based concerns					
CMR ¹ □ C □ M □ R	Suspected CMR ²	Potential endocrine disruptor			
☐ Sensitizer ¹	☐ Suspected Sensitizer ²				
☐ PBT/vPvB	☐ Suspected PBT/vPvB ³	☐ Other (please specify below)			
Exposure/risk based cond	cerns				
☐ Wide dispersive use	☐ Consumer use	Exposure of sensitive populations			
☐ Exposure of environment	☐ Exposure of workers	☐ Cumulative exposure			
☐ High RCR	☐ High (aggregated) tonnage	☐ Other (please specify below)			
Silver is a widely used material for which more than 50 registrations are received. All registrations for silver are submitted under CAS-nr 7440-22-4. Transformation of the metallic nanoform in ionic form and vice versa may influence the behaviour of silver (including bioavailability and related ecotoxicity). In addition, the size-related environmental behaviour and ecotoxicological effects in the aquatic compartment, including the STP, and the terrestrial compartment pose a concern for the safe use of the nanoform(s) of silver to the environment. Therefore, it is necessary to evaluate the substance characterization, environmental behaviour and ecotoxicity of the nanoforms of silver.					
4.4 Other completed/on-going regulatory processes that may affect suitability for substance evaluation					

Compliance check, Final decision	☐ Dangerous substances Directive 67/548/EEC			
☐ Testing proposal	☐ Existing Substances Regulation 793/93/EEC			
☐ Annex VI (CLP)	☐ Plant Protection Products Regulation 91/414/EEC			
☐ Annex XV (SVHC)	☐ Biocidal Products Directive 98/8/EEC; Biocidal Product Regulation (Regulation (EU) 528/2012)			
☐ Annex XIV (Authorisation)	Other (provide further details below)			
Annex XVII (Restriction)				
There is a testing proposal for the following end-points; - Tox. soil macro-org. - Tox. terrestrial plants. - Tox. soil microorg.				

¹ CMR/Sensitizer: known carcinogenic and/or mutagenic and/or reprotoxic properties/known sensitizing properties (according to CLP harmonized or registrant self-classification or CLP Inventory)

² Suspected CMR/Suspected sensitizer: suspected carcinogenic and/or mutagenic and/or reprotoxic

properties/suspected sensitizing properties (not classified according to CLP harmonized or registrant selfclassification)

³ Suspected PBT: Potentially Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

4.5 Preliminary indication of information that may need to be requested to clarify the concern

☐ Information on toxicological properties	☐ Information on physicochemical properties		
☐ Information on fate and behaviour	☐ Information on exposure		
☐ Information on ecotoxicological properties	☐ Information on uses		
☐ Information ED potential	☐ Other (provide further details below)		
A clear indication of the type/form of silver coating, etc.) that is tested in each toxicity safe use of each nanoform.			

4.6 Potential follow-up and link to risk management

☐ Harmonised C&L	□ Restriction	☐ Authorisation	☐ Other (provide further details)		
If safe use for the nanoform(s) of silver cannot be demonstrated, it may be anticipated that a restriction is needed as risk management measure.					