

# Final Agenda

# 32<sup>nd</sup> meeting of the Committee for Risk Assessment

# 2-6 March 2015 10-12 March 2015

# ECHA Conference Centre (Annankatu 18, Helsinki)

2 March starts at 9.00 6 March ends at 12:30 10 March starts at 9.00 12 March ends at 13:00

Item 1 – Welcome and Apologies

Item 2 – Adoption of the Agenda

RAC/A/32/2015 For adoption

# Item 3 – Declarations of conflicts of interest to the Agenda

# Item 4 – Report from other ECHA bodies and activities

a) Report on RAC 31 action points, written procedures and an update on other ECHA bodies

RAC/32/2015/01 RAC/32/2015/02 (room document) For information

- b) RAC workplan for all processes
- c) General RAC procedures (Closed session)

RAC/32/2015/03 (Restricted document) For agreement

For information

## Item 5 – Harmonised classification and labelling (CLH)

# 5.1 CLH dossiers

# A. Hazard classes for agreement without plenary debate (fast-track)

- a) Carbetamide (ISO): Acute toxicity (oral, dermal, inhalation), STOT SE, Skin / Eye irritation, Skin / Eye corrosion, Respiratory sensitisation, Skin sensitisation, STOT RE, Germ cell mutagenicity, Aspiration hazard, Aquatic acute toxicity, Aquatic chronic toxicity
- b) Bendiocarb (ISO): Acute toxicity (oral, dermal), Aquatic acute toxicity, Aquatic chronic toxicity
- c) Spiroxamine (ISO): Acute toxicity (oral, dermal)
- d) Tefluthrin (ISO): Aquatic acute toxicity, Aquatic chronic toxicity
- e) Chlorophene: Acute toxicity (oral, dermal, inhalation), STOT-SE, Eye damage\*, Germ cell mutagenicity

\* May be discussed depending on the outcome of Skin irritation

## B. Hazard classes for agreement with plenary debate

- a) Thiacloprid (ISO)
- b) Linalool
- c) Fenpyrazamine (ISO)
- d) Carbetamide (ISO)
- e) Bendiocarb (ISO)
- f) Spiroxamine
- g) Chlorophene

#### For discussion/adoption

# 5.2 Appointment of RAC (co-)rapporteurs for CLH dossiers RAC/32/2015/04 (room document) For agreement

#### 5.3 General CLH issues

## Item 6 – Restrictions

# 6.1 Restriction Annex XV dossiers

a) General restriction issues

# RAC/32/2015/05 RAC/32/2015/06 For discussion and agreement

- b) Opinion development
  - 1) Isopropylidenediphenol (Bisphenol A) revised draft opinion

# For adoption

2) Ammonium salts – revised draft opinion

For adoption

3)	DecaBDE	– first	draft	opinion
- /				• • • • • • • •

4) Perfluorooctanic acid (PFOA) - key issues

For discussion

For discussion

- c) Conformity check
  - 1) Methanol

2) Dimethylformamide

For agreement

For agreement

# 6.2 Appointment of (co-)rapporteurs for restriction dossiers

RAC/32/2015/07 (Restricted room document) For agreement

Item 7 – Authorisation

# 7.1 General authorisation issues

a) General authorisation issues

# RAC/32/2015/08 For discussion and agreement

#### b) Capacity building:

1. DNEL values setting for the reproductive toxicant bis(2methoxyethyl)ether (diglyme),

> RAC/32/2015/09 For discussion and agreement

2. Carcinogenicity dose-response relationship setting for 1,2dichloroethane (EDC),

> RAC/32/2015/10 For discussion

3. Carcinogenicity dose-response relationship setting for 2,2'dichloro-4,4'-methylenedianiline (MOCA),

# RAC/32/2015/11

#### For discussion and agreement

4. Carcinogenicity dose-response relationship setting for formaldehyde, oligomeric reaction products with aniline (technical MDA)

RAC/32/2015/12 For discussion and agreement

# 7.2 Authorisation applications

- a) Authorisation application first version of RAC draft opinion
  - 1. The use of trichloroethylene submitted by *Microporous GmbH* (Trichloroethylene 1):

<u>Use 1</u>: Trichloroethylene used as degreasing solvent in the manufacture of polyethylene separators for lead-acid batteries

2. Five uses of trichloroethylene submitted by *DOW Deutschland Anlagengesellschaft mbH* (Trichloroethylene 2a):

<u>Use 1</u>: Use of Trichloroethylene in Industrial Parts Cleaning by Vapour Degreasing in Closed Systems where specific requirements (system of use-parameters) exist

 $\underline{\text{Use 2}}$ : Industrial use as process chemical (enclosed systems) in Alcantara Material production

Use 3: Use of tricholoroethylene in packaging

Use 4: Use of tricholoroethylene in formulation

<u>Use 5</u>: Use of Trichloroethylene as Extraction Solvent for Bitumen in Asphalt Analysis

3. Two uses of trichloroethylene submitted by *Richard Geiss GmbH* (Trichloroethylene 2b):

<u>Use 1</u>: Use of Trichloroethylene in formulation <u>Use 2</u>: Use of tricholoroethylene in packaging

4. The use of trichloroethylene submitted by *ROQUETTE Frères* (Trichloroethylene 3):

<u>Use 1</u>: Use of trichloroethylene as a processing aid in the biotransformation of starch to obtain betacyclodextrin

5. The use of trichloroethylene submitted by *Parker Hannifin Manufacturing Netherlands (Filtration and Separation) bv* (Trichloroethylene 4):

<u>Use 1</u>: Use of trichloroethylene (TCE) as a process solvent for the manufacturing of modules containing hollow fibre gas separation membranes

6. The use of trichloroethylene submitted by *ENTEK International Limited* (Trichloroethylene 6):

<u>Use 1</u>: Trichloroethylene as an extraction solvent for removal of process oil and formation of the porous structure in polyethylene based separators used in lead-acid batteries

7. The use of trichloroethylene submitted by *RAG Aktiengesellschaft* and *RAG Anthrazit Ibbenbüren* (Trichloroethylene 7):

<u>Use 1</u>: Use of tricholoroethylene-containing vulcanising and bonding agents for endless connections and repair of chloroprene rubber transportation belts in underground hard coal mining

8. The use of trichloroethylene submitted by *DOMO Caproleuna GmbH* (Trichloroethylene 8):

<u>Use 1</u>: Industrial use as an extraction solvent for the purification of caprolactam from caprolactam oil

9. The use of trichloroethylene submitted by *Grupa Azoty S.A.* (Trichloroethylene 9):

 $\underline{\text{Use 1}}$ : Industrial use as a process chemical in caprolactam purification

10. The use of trichloroethylene submitted by *Spolana, a.s.* (Trichloroethylene 10):

Use 1: Use as an extraction solvent in caprolactam production

11. The use of trichloroethylene submitted by A.L.P.A.-AZIENDA LAVORAZIONE PRODOTTI AUSILIARI S.P.A. and CAFFARO INDUSTRIE S.P.A. (Trichloroethylene 11):

<u>Use 1</u>: Use of trichloroethylene as solvent in the synthesis of vulcanization accelerating agents for fluoroelastomers

12. The use of trichloroethylene submitted by *Chimcomplex SA Borzesti* (Trichloroethylene 12):

<u>Use 1</u>: Industrial use of trichloroethylene as a solvent as a degreasing agent in closed systems

#### For discussion/agreement

b) Authorisation applications – conformity check and presentation of key issues

1. Lead chromate 1:

<u>Use 1</u>: Industrial use of lead chromate in manufacture of pyrotechnical delay devices contained into ammunition for naval self-protection

#### For agreement

**7.3** Appointment of (co-)rapporteurs for authorisation applications (closed session)

RAC/32/2015/13 (Restricted room document) For agreement

# Item 8 – AOB

Introduction to Secure CIRCABC Project by ECHA Secretariat

For information

# Item 9 – Action points and main conclusions of RAC-32

Table with Conclusions and Action points from RAC-32

For adoption